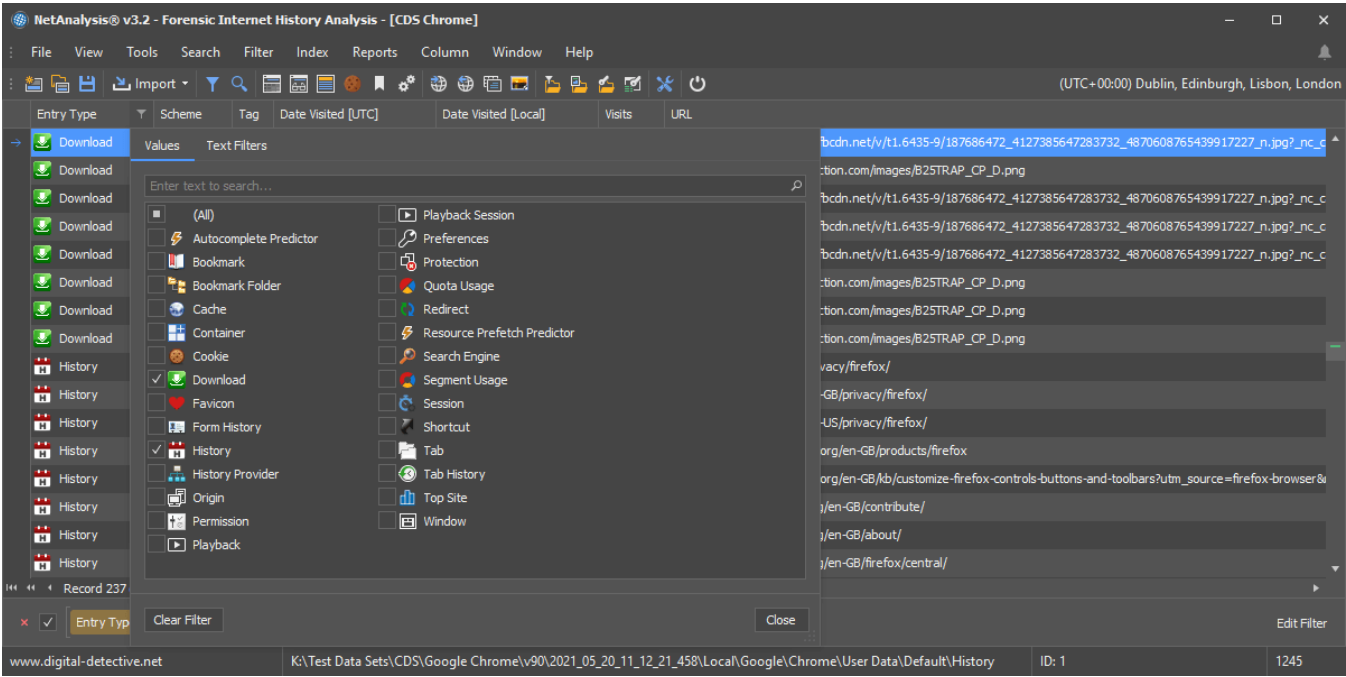































Entry Type
















































Introduction























The **Entry Type** column is the first column in the grid and contains a value that is generated by NetAnalysis@ on import. It identifies the type of entry the record relates to. The following table briefly outlines each entry type.
























Entry Type	Information
 Address	Mozilla Firefox allows autofill addresses to be saved so that forms can be quickly completed from a drop-down list of saved addresses.
 AppCache	These entries relate to application cache .
 AppCacheEntry	HTML5 introduces application cache, which means that a web application is cached, and accessible without an internet connection. Application cache gives an application three advantages: <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Offline browsing - users can use the application when they are offline2. Speed - cached resources load faster3. Reduced server load - the browser will only download updated/changed resources from the server
 Archived	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to archived history entries stored in the Archived History database (Chrome v1 - 36).
 Audio Queue	This is an Epic Privacy Browser on Android artefact which relates to the Audio Queue feature where Epic will read aloud queued web pages. Epic can read a set of webpages, to the user, using Android's text-to-speech functionality. For any webpage the user wants to read, they click on the menu and select "Add to Audio Queue". When they are ready to listen to the pages, they select Audio Queue from the menu.
 Audit Cookie	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to access context auditing of client-side cookies.
 Audit Storage	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to access context auditing of client-side storage.
 Autocomplete Predictor	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to autocomplete network action predictor entries stored in the Network Action Predictor database.
 Autofill	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to the auto-completion data for a form entry.

















	Autofill Correction	This is a Safari browser artefact which relates to user corrections of their autofill data.
	Autofill Profile	Chromium based browsers allow autofill profiles to be saved so that forms can be quickly completed from a drop-down list of saved profiles.
	Background Transfer Api	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. The Background Transfer API enables advanced download and upload transfer capabilities within an app. See the following for further information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Background transfer API in universal Windows apps: what you need to know • Transferring data in the background (HTML)
	Bing Page Data	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact.
	Blocked Resource	This entry relates to a blocked tracker on the Brave browser. These can be either items blocked by Brave Shields or the Brave VPN feature.
	Bookmark	This entry relates to a bookmarked web page or website.
	Bookmark Folder	This entry relates to a folder for storing bookmarks. Most browsers allow the user to store their bookmarked pages in a folder hierarchy.
	Bookmark Label	This is a Sleipnir on macOS browser artefact. The entry relates to a user defined bookmark label.
	Bookmark Label Group	This is a Sleipnir on macOS browser artefact. The entry relates to a user defined bookmark label group.
	Bookmark Separator	This entry relates to a bookmark separator item. Some browsers allow the user to manage bookmarks by adding separators to help distinguish different bookmark categories from each other.
	Bookmark Tag	Many Mozilla based browsers allows the user to categorize their bookmarks by adding tags to help identify them.
	Cache	This entry relates to an item which has been cached. A cache is a repository for storing data that is used to expedite the process of retrieving that data. Caches are used to speed up the browsing process so that data does not have to be fetched from its original location every time a page or cached object is requested.
	Client	This is a Mozilla Firefox on Android artefact which relates to a client device that has been connected to a user's Firefox Account.
	Collection	This entry relates to the Microsoft Edge browser Collections feature which allows the user to save and group information found on the Internet.
	Collection Item	This entry relates to the Microsoft Edge browser Collections feature. The user can organise individual items into collections.
	Compromised Credentials	Google Chrome has a security feature designed to alert the user if the password they are using has been found previously exposed in a data breach.
	Container	This entry relates to the Mozilla Firefox browser Containers feature which allows the user to segregate their browsing activity into distinct contexts to preserve privacy.
	Cookie	This entry relates to a cookie. A cookie is the term given to describe a type of message that is sent from a website to a browser when browsing a web page. If the server requests that the message persists, it is stored by the browser. When the user re-visits the page, the browser sends the message back to the web server to indicate a previous visit.
	Credit Card	Various browsers allow autofill credit card information to be saved so that forms can be quickly completed from a drop-down list of saved credit cards.
	Cross-Domain	This is a 360 Browser cross-domain cookie artefact.

	Daily	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact relating to a daily visit entry.
	Dependency Entry	These entries relate to pre-resolve and pre-connect data in Microsoft Edge and Internet Explorer. As the browser processes the HTML of a top-level page, it must perform a number of operations to be able to download the additional resources (dependencies) required to display the page.
	Device	This is a Safari artefact which relates to sharing open tabs across the user's devices via iCloud.
	DOM Store	Web storage and DOM storage (Document Object Model storage) are web application software methods and protocols used for storing data in a web browser. Web storage supports persistent data storage, similar to cookies but with a greatly enhanced capacity and no information stored in the HTTP request header.
	Download	This entry relates to artefacts which have been downloaded via the web browser.
	Drop	This entry relates to the Microsoft Edge browser Drop feature. The user can send files and notes from Edge and the content is then synced across their devices. It allows Edge users to transfer files and notes between all Edge instances on all devices that Edge is used on. To use the feature, the user needs to sign in to a Microsoft Account and click on the Paper Airplane icon on the toolbar.
	Favicon	A favicon, also known as a shortcut icon, website icon, tab icon or bookmark icon, is a file containing one or more small icons associated with a particular website or web page.
	Favorite	A favorite entry is a browser artefact which allows the user to save bookmarks to favourite web pages for later retrieval.
	Favorite Folder	A favorite folder entry for the Microsoft Edge browser relates to a folder for storing bookmarks. The user can organise their Favorites into folders.
	Feedpl at	This is an Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact relating to RSS feeds.
	Form History	Most browsers can save information every time the user completes a form so that the next time they access a form, they will see a drop-down list of options to choose from.
	Gallery	This is an Opera Neon browser artefact. The entry relates to the screenshots and web page shortcuts saved by the user into the web browser's gallery.
	History	This entry relates to a standard history visit.
	History Provider	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to autocomplete candidates which have been sourced from the user's history stored in their History Provider Cache.
	History Tombsone	This is a Safari browser artefact which relates to deleted history visits.
	Host	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to host entries taken from either the user's history or bookmarks.  This is not related to the Host scheme found in Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge daily history entries.
	Hsts Entry	These are HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) entries. HSTS prevent protocol downgrade attacks and cookie hijacking by forcing web browsers to interact with websites only via secure HTTPS connections (and never HTTP).
	IECompatCache	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact which relates to the browser Compatibility View list. This is a list of sites that will be displayed in Compatibility View. Sites which appear in the Compatibility View list are sites for which other users have clicked the Compatibility View button. This list is updated automatically by Microsoft and is not necessarily related to any visits made by the user.
	IECompatUA	
	IEFlipAhead	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. Flip ahead allows the user to explore favorite websites like they would a magazine. By implementing flip ahead, the web developer enables their users to flip through a news article or an online catalogue, regardless of their actual location on the page. Visitors no longer need to click a Next button to go to the next page.
	IETldCache	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. This data is not related to user activity and is generated by Microsoft.
	Index	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to entries containing text based content from web pages stored in the History Index database (Chrome v1 - 29). It can also be a Safari browser artefact containing text based content from web pages that the browser uses for indexing and searching.
	Input History	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to URLs typed by the user.

	Insecure Credentials	Google Chrome has a security feature designed to alert the user if the password they are using has been found previously exposed in a data breach.
	Leak	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. Leak entries relate to cache or cookie entries that have been scheduled for deletion and have not yet been removed by the cache scavenger.
	Leaked Credentials	Google Chrome has a security feature designed to alert the user if the password they are using has been found previously exposed in a data breach.
	Logged In Predictor	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to logged in predictor entries stored in the Network Action Predictor database.
	Logins	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to website login username and password entries stored in the logins.json file (Firefox v32.0+).
	Login Data	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to website login username and password entries.
	Login Exception	This is a Mozilla Firefox on Android artefact which relates to login information. When selected, the browser will not save the username or password and will not prompt the user for this information.
	Login Stats	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to the statistics of user interactions with a website.
	Logins Disabled	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to host entries stored in the logins.json file for which the user has declined to store login information (Firefox v32.0+).
	Master	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. Master entries relate to master history entries.
	Media History	This is a Samsung Internet browser artefact which relates to media content history played in the browser.
	Most Visited	This is a Mi Browser and Mint Browser artefact which relates to the most visited searches made by a user.
	Navigation History	This is a Microsoft Edge browser artefact and relates to tab history and navigation through the tab. The entry may also have additional metadata about a related product item.
	Note	This is an Opera browser artefact which relates to user created notes (Opera v7 - 12).
	Note Folder	This is an Opera browser artefact which relates to a folder for storing notes. This allows the user to store their notes in a folder hierarchy (Opera v7 - 12).
	Note Separator	This is an Opera browser artefact which relates to a note separator item. This allows the user to manage notes by adding separators to help distinguish different categories of notes from each other (Opera v7 - 12).
	Notification	<p>This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to website notifications. Website notifications are pop-up messages or alerts displayed by websites to notify users about new content or events even when the website is not actively being viewed. These notifications can be triggered by various events, such as new messages, updates, or notifications from social media, news websites, or other web services.</p> <p>When a user receives a notification, it typically appears as a pop-up message or alert in the corner of the screen or in the system tray. The notification may contain a title, message, and sometimes an image or icon related to the content or event being notified. Users can interact with notifications by clicking on them, which may open the corresponding website or perform an action, such as marking a message as read or dismissing the notification.</p>
	Offline Page	This is an artefact which is found on Android platforms. This allows a user to save web pages to read later, even if the user is offline.
	Origin	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to host entries from the user's history.
	Page Icon	This is an Opera Neon browser artefact. The entry relates to the icons associated with a particular website or web page.
	Page Metadata	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact, which can be found on iOS platforms. It relates to web page metadata.

	Passw ord Monitor	This is an Microsoft Edge browser artefact which relates to compromised passwords identified by the Password Monitor feature.
	Permis sion	This artefact relates to permission settings for a website which have been overridden by the user.
	Playba ck	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to media playback history.
	Playba ck Session	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to media playback sessions.
	Playlist	This is a Brave on iOS artefact which relates to media content from a user created playlist.
	Playlis t Folder	This is a Brave on iOS artefact which relates to media content from a user created playlist.
	Prefer ences	This artefact relates to the preferences used by the browser. The associated name/value pairs can be found in the Properties window.
	PrivacIE	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact and relates to InPrivate Filtering. InPrivate Filtering helps prevent the websites a user visits from automatically sending details about the visit to other content providers.
	Profile	This is a Safari browser artefact introduced in Safari v17. A user can use profiles to keep their browsing separate for topics such as work or personal. Each profile has separate artefacts such as history, cookies, website data, tab groups and favourites.
	Protec tion	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to the recording of per day content blocking events.
	Quick Access	This is a Samsung Internet browser artefact which relates to website shortcuts on the browser homepage.
	Quota Usage	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to the management of storage limits and eviction of client-side web data storage.
	Readi ng List	This relates to a Reading List entry. During a browsing session, if the user identifies a page to be viewed at a later date, they can add it to a Reading List.
	Readi ng List (View)	This entry relates to web pages which has been added to the Reading List whilst in Reading View mode. Reading View mode allows the user to view a page in a clutter-free, reader-friendly view.
	Recen t History	This is a UC Browser on Android artefact which relates to recent history.
	Recov ery Store	This entry relates to Microsoft Internet Explorer and Edge. The Recovery Store file contain information relating to browsing sessions. It was designed to allow the browser to recover from a crash and re-open tabs. Each Recovery Store file contains information relating to various tab sessions. The tab session files contain information relating to the various tabs that have been visited along with their order. See the Tab Entry Type.
	Redire ct	This entry relates to server-side redirects.
	Regist ry	This entry relates to browser artefacts read from the Windows Registry.
	Remot e Device	This is a Mozilla Firefox artefact which can be found on mobile platforms. It relates to remote device syncing.
	Resou rce Prefet ch Pre dictor	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to resource prefetch predictor entries stored in the Network Action Predictor database.
	Reward	This is a Brave browser artefact which relates to Brave Rewards.
	Saved Page	When closing the application, some browsers prompt the user and ask if they wish to save the open page(s) (such as 360 Security browser). This entry relates to pages that have been saved by the user so that they can be visited at a later date.

	Search Engine	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to search engine keyword entries stored in the Web Data database.
	Search Term	This entry relates to a search term history entry.
	Segment Usage	This is a Chromium based browser artefact. It stores URL segment information which is used for the most visited page view in the web browser.
	Server Address	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to Google Wallet autofill address entries stored in the Web Data database.
	Server Credit Card	This is a Chromium based browser artefact which relates to Google Wallet autofill credit card entries stored in the Web Data database.
	Session	This is used by different browsers and relates to a user's browsing session. Depending on the browser, a session can have windows, tabs and cookies which will be recorded as separate Window, Tab, Tab History and Cookie entries.
	Session Task	This is a Min Browser artefact which relates to a saved Task. Each Task will have tabs and tab history which will be recorded as Tab entries and Tab History entries.
	Shortcut	This is an artefact which relates to Omnibox shortcut entries.
	Sign On	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to website login username and password entries stored in the sigons.sqlite database (Firefox v3 - 31).
	Sign On Disabled	This is a Mozilla based browser artefact which relates to host entries stored in the sigons.sqlite database for which the user has declined to store login information (Firefox v3 - 31).
	Site Preferences	This is a Safari browser artefact which relates to the site preferences of a web page.
	Snapshot	This is an Android Browser artefact which relates to webpage snapshots.
	Speed Dial	This is an Opera browser artefact which relates to website shortcuts on the browser homepage.
	Starred	This is an Opera browser artefact which relates to favourite website shortcuts on the browser homepage.
	Stash	This relates to an Opera browser artefact which allows the user to store web pages to be viewed at a later date (Opera v15 - 26).
	Swept Tab	This is a Microsoft Edge browser artefact. Microsoft Edge enabled users to easily manage and navigate their tabs by sweeping them into groups.
	Sync Device	This is an Opera on Android artefact which relates to syncing.
	Tab	This entry type is used by a number of different browsers and relates to an individual tab. For most browsers, each tab will have a history of visits which will be recorded as Tab History entries; in Microsoft Internet Explorer and Edge the visit history is recorded as Travel Log entries.
	Tab Collection	This is a browser artefact which relates to a collection of tabs created by the user.
	Tab Group	This is a Sleipnir on macOS browser artefact. The entry relates to a user defined tab group.
	Tab History	This entry type is used by a number of different browsers and relates to the visit history of a tab.
	Tab Roaming	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer and Edge artefact. It relates to Roaming Tabs and is similar to the Tab Entry Type. It will have a number of Travel Log entries relating to the history of this Roaming Tab.
	Tab Snapshot	This is a Safari browser artefact which relates to a snapshot of a recently visited tab.

	Thumb nail	This is an artefact which relates to the thumbnail image used in Speed Dial or Top Sites entries.
	Top Site	This is a Safari and Chromium based browser artefact which relates to the top most visited website entries.
	Top Site Remo ved	This is a Safari browser artefact which relates to website entries that the user has chosen to remove from their top most visited websites.
	Touch Icon	This is similar to a favicon and is a file containing a small icon associated with a particular website or web page. It is usually used on mobile devices.
	Travel Log	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer and Edge browser artefact. A Travel Log entry relates to a visit for a specific Tab. The Information panel/column will provide further information about the Tab this Travel Log entry relates to.
	Typed History	This entry relates to a typed history entry.
	Uri To App Mapping	This is a Microsoft Edge browser artefact. It stores information relating to the user's top sites. If there is an application available for a top site then it is mapped to the information for that application within the Microsoft store.
	URL Annot ation	This is an artefact from Mozilla based Android browsers. It contains an annotation key for the URL.
	User Data	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact.
	Video History	This entry relates to video content playback history.
	View Source	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact generated when a user views the source of a web page (normally by right-clicking on the page and selecting view source).
	VLink	This is an Opera browser artefact and represents a visited link (Opera v4 - 12).
	Weekly	This is a Microsoft Internet Explorer/Edge browser artefact. These entries relate to weekly history visits.
	Window	This is a Safari and Mozilla based browser artefact and relates to an individual window. Each window will have tabs which will be recorded as Tab entries.
	Wpnidm	This is a Windows 8/Windows 10 artefact which relates to push notifications for tiles.
	Zone Identifi er	This artefact relates to files on an NTFS file system that have a Zone.Identifier Alternate Data Stream . The Zone.Identifier stream contains information relating to the source of a file and identifies files downloaded from the Internet.